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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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ENGLISH NAVY SAVES ALLIES

Illustrates Protective Power of Great Vessels.

When Properly Directed These Fighting Machines Can Accomplish Much.

After nine months of the most sanguinary, most devastating and most costly war of all human history, its most noteworthy achievement is still that of the British fleet. It took the British navy of a century ago sixteen years to accomplish what the navy of today has accomplished in half as many months. While German armies were advancing into France and Russia, the German fleet, without striking a blow, left the seas in possession of the enemy, relinquishing all the advantages which sea command confers. To appreciate the military significance of such a movement we must imagine its counterpart in terms of land warfare. Had the German and Austrian Armies retired within a few fortified positions, leaving the armies of France, Russia, Belgium and Great Britain to march thru their territories, seizing private and public property, and exercising every possible proprietary right, no one would have questioned on which side lay the balance of advantage in the war. But such a situation would have offered an exact parallel to that which has happened at sea. The two navies—German and Austro-Hungarian—have retreated into strongly defended ports, while the British and French fleets have exercised all the rights over the great sea routes. History records no more remarkable illustration of the value of naval power; and altho there is still a possibility that the German navy may succeed in striking the kind of blow which was contemplated by its creators, the possibility decreases, with every week added to the duration of the war, wore it only because the relative superiority of the British navy is constantly increasing. There never was much illusion about the kind of service which the German navy was capable of rendering. It may be that Grand Admiral von Tirpitz conjectured, when he prepared his memorandum of 1900, that as the British fleet was then, so it would be found to be in 1914. If so, he must have been quickly disabused of any such notion. But in this very memorandum the admiral contemplates the possibility of the greatest naval power being able to concentrate against Germany with considerable superiority of strength as a very remote one. Yet, even so, he argued: "The defeat of a strong German fleet would so substantially weaken the enemy that, in spite of the victory he might have obtained, his own position in the world would no longer be secured by an adequate fleet." Until the strong German fleet has elected to stake its destruction on the possibility of being able to cost the enemy dear it will be impossible to pass on the correctness of that conclusion.

On one point the German Grand Admiral was manifestly in error, namely, as to the improbability of the great naval power being able to concentrate all its striking forces at one point. Owing to the much-denounced principles of strategy adopted by Sir John Fisher, when First Sea Lord of the Admiralty, no attempt was made to maintain a naval patrol of the outer seas by flotillas of ineffective small cruisers, and every effort was bent to the creation of a grand fleet ready in overpowering strength to neutralize the main forces of the enemy. Owing also to an arrangement which France the greatest naval power was able, soon after the opening of the war, to entrust to Vice Admiral Boué de Lapeyrière the defense of British interests in the Mediterranean. Thus the British were in a position to hold the North sea with practically all the strength as they do today, while France held the Mediterranean with all her strength, as she continues to do, so that the basis upon which the expansion of the German fleet had been planned was swept away even

before peace was broken. The British fleet has succeeded in confining the high sea fleet of Germany to its home ports, recent reports of the appearance at sea of a German battle squadron lacking confirmation. Invasion in force of the British Isles has also been prevented and the sea has been kept open, not only for the safe transport to the Continent of the British expeditionary forces, but for the safe escort of the contingents from the oversea Dominions and India. The fleet, moreover, while effectually disposing of the overseas trade of Germany and Austria, has given the British military authorities, as well as the governments of Belgium, France and Russia, access to the world's markets for war munitions, food and clothing. There can be no question that British finances have been greatly reinforced by the completeness with which the British navy has from the start supported British prestige. In the eyes of the world, any more than there can be that the supremacy of British sea power has largely contributed to bringing unemployment in the United Kingdom down to a lower figure than it has reached for many years. All this has been accomplished with relatively small destruction of life and property, and at a comparatively small increase in cost of the navy.

What may be called the indirect military results of the superiority of the British navy have not been less striking. But for the advantage it scored at the very beginning of the war the French Republic might have been crushed and forced to make a humiliating peace, and then the German army would have turned upon Russia before the Russian army was fairly mobilized. With a navy weaker than that of Germany, Great Britain could have taken no part in the struggle on sea or on land, and it would have been the lot of her people to watch in impotence the onward march of German militarism in the full consciousness that the downfall of France and Belgium and the defeat of Russia were merely the first steps toward the violation of their own Island sanctity and the dismemberment of the Empire. Nor should the services which the British navy has been able to render to neutral commerce be ignored. In the absence of overwhelming power opposed to her Germany could have utilized her geographical position not only to the detriment of the United Kingdom, but to the detriment of the world. There is no trade route upon which dozens of German cruisers and armed merchantmen might not have operated to the complete dislocation of the sea communications of the British Empire. Had the British fleet been engaged for months in struggling to win the mastery of the seas against the active naval forces of Germany the whole foreign commerce, not only of the United States, but of every neutral nation, would have been brought practically to a standstill. No endurable rate of marine insurance would cover the risk of ships and cargoes falling into the hands of British or German men-of-war, and thus neutral nations would have been forced by the very weakness of British sea power to submit to losses almost as serious as those imposed on the belligerents.

Mexican Quail for Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., May 11.—The State Game and Fish Commission at a meeting here this afternoon arranged for the importation next fall of 5,000 quail from Mexico and 3,000 ringneck pheasants from England. A shipment of 2,500 of the latter birds have already been distributed. The shipment will be placed in the hands of people who volunteer to keep them in coops, a cock and five hens to the coop.

The plan of Executive Agent Ward is to have five such coops in each county. The keepers are to free five birds received in their counties and the game and Fish Commission will take an option of the rest of the progeny, leaving the original birds in possession of the keeper. In this way the commission expects to propagate birds already acclimated at a lesser expense and risk than in a preserve. A hundred applications are on file in the office of the commission now.

A consignment of 8,000,000 pike perch will arrive here to-morrow from the Government hatcheries and will be distributed in streams, in which the species of fish formerly known as the "fish of the dead" had been planted was swept away even

BOND COMPROMISE FOR UNION COUNTY

After Fort-Five Years Conti-
uous Litiga-
tion.

Henderson, Ky., May 9.—Litigation begun forty-five years ago, which frequently caused Union county to be without a sheriff and other officials, was terminated at Henderson yesterday when a compromise was effected between taxpayers of Lindall and Caseyville precincts, of Union county, and Miss Lillie Preston, of Davenport, Ia., whereby she is to receive \$100,000 as payment in full for a judgment of \$50,000 obtained by her father, A. J. Preston, in the United States Court in 1875.

The judgment was awarded as a result of a bond issue for the building of a new railroad through Union county in 1870. The precincts of Lindall and Caseyville started the bonds and the road was started, but never completed, and the taxpayers refused to pay the levy. The bonds were held by Mr. Preston, one of the road's promoters, and he won his suit for settlement in the Federal Court.

Compromise of the long legal battle was the direct result of a mandamus suit filed in December of last year by attorneys for Miss Preston against L. D. B. Abell, Sheriff of Union county, who is said to be the only official who stood his ground and retained his office, other sheriffs having resigned when ordered to collect the levy to satisfy the judgment of the court.

Through efforts of Perry B. Miller, now United States District Attorney for Western district of Kentucky, who was retained as counsel by Sheriff Abell, attorneys for the taxpayers and Miss Preston agreed to attempt a compromise of the litigation. Soon after the filing of Miss Preston's petition against Sheriff Abell in the United States Court at Louisville, Mr. Miller succeeded in arranging a conference between Helm Bruce, Kennedy Helm and John Bruce Baskin, representing the plaintiffs, and the law firm of Morton & Morton, of Morganfield, acting in behalf of the taxpayers of Lindall and Caseyville precincts.

In opposing the suit against the Sheriff, Mr. Miller held that the levy was lost on account of a lapse of time since the levy was made twelve years ago, and that the tax could not be collected. After bringing about the conference between attorneys, Mr. Miller obtained a continuance of the case against Mr. Abell, and it is now assumed the petition will be dismissed and the Sheriff permitted to execute his new bond and continue in his office.

Trouble for Union county Sheriffs began twelve years ago when the special levy of personal property was ordered to satisfy the judgment of the Federal Court. Stormy scenes took place at Morganfield on several occasions. After being elected to office of Sheriff several men were ordered to proceed with collection of the tax to pay the judgment, but they refused, as the task was looked upon as being close to impossible.

Oregon Bottled up by Villa in Trapunto.

Washington, May 11.—Villa representatives here announced to-day that the Carranza army under Gen. Obregon had been driven backward and bottled up by Gen. Villa's forces at Trapunto, and investment of that place was in progress.

No advices reached the State Department to confirm this report. The department has had very little information as to the military situation in Central Mexico recently, presumably because of the limited wire facilities south of the border.

Duval West, who is awaiting here an opportunity to present a full report of his recent tour of Mexico as President Wilson's personal representative, so far has revealed his conclusions only to Secretary Bryan in one brief interview.

The European situation has crowded consideration of Mexican affairs aside for the time being at the White House, and State Department officials said today they did not know when the President would be able to give Mr. West's report his attention.

COMMENCEMENT OCCURS AT COLLEGE NEXT WEEK

Splendid Programs Arranged and
Exercises Will Be Very
Interesting.

The thirty-fifth annual commencement exercises of Hartford College begin next Sunday, May 16, with the Baccalaureate sermon at the Methodist church. This will be preached by Dr. F. D. Perkins, of Louisville, Secretary of the Baptist Educational World of Kentucky.

On Monday afternoon the pupils of Miss Marks' and Pendleton's grades will give a play, "When Polly was Queen of the May," on the school lawn at 3 o'clock.

On Monday evening, in the school auditorium, the pupils of Miss Margaret Nail's class will give a recital.

Tuesday evening at 8 p. m. the pupils of Mr. Anderson and Mrs. Thomas will present the play "Pyramus and Thisbe," and a Chimes drill, "Ting-a-Ling."

Wednesday evening, May 19, at the Opera House, the Juniors present a one-act comedy, "My Wife's Bonnet," and a comedy drama of three acts, "The Dream that Came True." Thursday evening, May 20, the Seniors present the Civil War drama, "The Thread of Destiny." Friday evening at the Methodist church will be held the commencement exercises of the Senior class, consisting of orations by Mr. Aaron Ross, class representative, and Miss Norine Harris Barnett, valedictorian, and the class address by Mr. D. Lee Fitzpatrick, of Richmond, Ind., subject, "Pluck vs. Luck."

No admission will be charged, except for the High School plays at the opera house Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Tickets will be on sale at the Ohio County Drug Co. at 9 a. m. on Tuesday, May 18. Reserved seats, 35; general admission 25c.

The Senior class of 1915 is the largest in the history of the school, consisting of seven young men and fourteen young ladies. A splendid class spirit has prevailed and many fads and fancies indulged in. Various entertainments have been given in their honor and enjoyable class meetings been held. They use for the first time here the caps and gown in commencement exercises. This is an exceptionally strong class and the instructors are justly proud of them. The class roll is as follows:

Norraine Harris Barnett, Garnett Combs, Ruth Combs, Mattye Sandifer Duke, Edna Louis Elliot, Nancy Ellen Ford, Molie Gorin Flener, Cliffie Cleo Felix, Howard E. Glenn, Otis Howard, Willis Carson Lyons, Maurine Catherine Martin, Helena Coster Miller, Elizabeth Moore, Raymond Nall, Lucile Pirtle, Wilbur Preston Rhoads, Aaron T. Ross, William Parke Taylor, One Mae Whittinghill, Margaret Lindsay Williamson.

Col. Roosevelt Says Action Must Be Taken at Once.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 10.—Theodore Roosevelt tonight gave out the following statement:

"On the night of the day that the disaster occurred, I called the attention of our people to the fact that the sinking of the 'Lusitania' was not only an act of simple piracy, but that it represented piracy accompanied by murder on a vaster scale than any old time pirate had ever practiced before being hung for his misdeeds.

"I called attention to the fact that this was merely the application on the high seas and at our expense of the principles which when applied on land had produced the innumerable hideous tragedies that have occurred in Belgium and in Northern France.

"I said that not only our duty to humanity at large, but our duty to preserve our own national self respect demanded instant action on our part and forbade all delay. I can do little more than reiterate what I thus said. When the German decree established the war zone and of course plainly threatened exactly the type of tragedy which has occurred, our government notified Germany that in the

event of any such wrong doing at the expense of our citizens we would hold the German government to a strict accountability.

"The use of this phrase 'strict accountability' of course must mean and can only mean that action will be taken by us without an hour's unnecessary delay. It was imminent proper to use the exact phrase that was used; and having used it, our own self respect demands that we forthwith abide by it."

Mrs. Randle in Trouble.
Wednesday's Owensboro Inquirer says:

Mrs. Kate Pandle, alias Mary E. Horner, who was brought to Owensboro Tuesday morning by Chief of Police Bell from Birmingham, Ala., charged with having passed two forged checks for \$75 each on the Owensboro Banking Company and the United States National bank, was allowed to return to her home on a bond of \$300, executed by her attorney, Claude E. Ritter, for her appearance before Judge Haskins on Friday morning, May 28.

Mrs. Randle was again brought before Judge Haskins at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, but County Attorney Birkhead insisted that the prosecution be postponed pending a further investigation of the case. Mr. Birkhead desired to get a report from the Burns Detective Agency, which was instrumental in having the officers of the two banks swear out warrants for the arrest of Mrs. Randle. Unless the prosecution can secure more evidence than it now has, Mrs. Randle will not be required to return, but the case will be dismissed.

While in Owensboro under charge of the officers, Mrs. Randle made a very favorable impression with all of those who met her. She is a fluent talker and did not show any signs of fear when she was being "looked over" by the officers of the bank. Mrs. Randle was in Hartford several weeks in March promoting what she termed a "Mother's Club." While here she made a good impression, conducting herself in a most ladylike manner. It seems somebody has committed a serious blunder.

Mrs. Carman Acquitted.

Minneapolis, N. Y., May 10.—Mrs. Florence Carman was acquitted this afternoon of the murder of Mrs. Louise D. Bailey. The jury was out only a short time. This was her second trial.

The jury was agreed on the first ballot and the verdict was returned at 5:32 o'clock, one hour and twelve minutes after the jury had retired. Mrs. Carman, who had been depressed and apparently extremely anxious all day, brightened as Justice Blackmar delivered his charge and beamed with happiness when the verdict was announced.

She shook hands with all the jurors and left after a few minutes with her husband for their home in Freeport.

In his charge to the jury Justice Blackmar said that their state's case centered on the testimony of Celia Coleman, a negro maid in the Carman household, who testified that Mrs. Carman had darted into the kitchen the night of the murder with a revolver in her hand and announced "I killed him."

The Coleman woman also testified that Mrs. Carman had come to her room early the next morning and expressed remorse for having "killed" that poor woman."

In his charge Justice Blackmar said:

"It has been obviously shown that she (Celia Coleman) was careless of the truth, but that is not conclusive. It is for you to decide, after considering all the circumstances, whether the primary question in this case is whether you believe Celia Coleman."

Big Judgment Revised.

The Court of Appeals last week reversed the Ohio Circuit Court in the case Porter vs. The Taylor Coal Co. A jury had awarded the estate of J. E. Porter a verdict of \$7,000 for the death of Porter two years ago when five men lost their lives in an old air shaft from gas. Under the Court's ruling it will be almost impossible for the plaintiff to stay in court, unless new evidence can be secured.

Hungry? Buy Here!
What kind of cereal do you eat for breakfast? We are sure to carry it.

ILER & BLACK.

FRANK GIVEN DEATH SENTENCE

Asserts Evidence Proves
He Is Innocent.

Does Not Know Who Murdered
Mary Phagan. The
Factory Girl.

Atlanta, Ga., May 10.—Leo M. Frank to-day was sentenced to be hanged on Tuesday, June 22, for the murder of Mary Phagan.

Frank, when brought before Judge Hill to be resented, made this statement:

"Again I stand before you. Again I can but reiterate that I am innocent of the murder of Mary Phagan. I have absolutely no guilty knowledge of that tragic occurrence."

"I am innocent of this charge and I assert that the record of the evidence conclusively proves this. No appellate tribunal has ever passed upon this evidence. The only judge who has ever heard it stated that he had the most serious doubts as to my guilt."

"My execution will not avenge Mary Phagan's death. A life will have been taken for a life, but the real culprit will not have paid the penalty. I will suffer for another's crime."

"My trust is in God, who knows that my protestations of innocence are the truth. At some future date the whole mortal world will realize it. It is the knowledge that God knows it now and that the world will know it some day that inspires me as I stand before Your Honor and as I face the future."

"Anything else I might say at this time would be but an elaboration of my words to the court. Yet I am fully alive to the fact that my position is most precarious. It is a situation which is so far removed from anything that my life and mental attitude could have bespoken. It is hideous but at the same time so unreal, so incongruous."

"It is fundamental in human life to want to live. This desire to exist is ingrained in all of us—it is the basic morality of all who live. To those who have the proper ideals of living, life without honor is insufferable. This is the message of theology and ethics."

"In the light of the whole truth I know—and the Almighty knows—that the morality of my position in this case is unassailable. This being so, my complete exoneration of this terrible charge lies in the future. When that day arrives I shall be vindicated—and if I am alive I will be enabled to enjoy freedom and honor."

"Therefore I want to live."

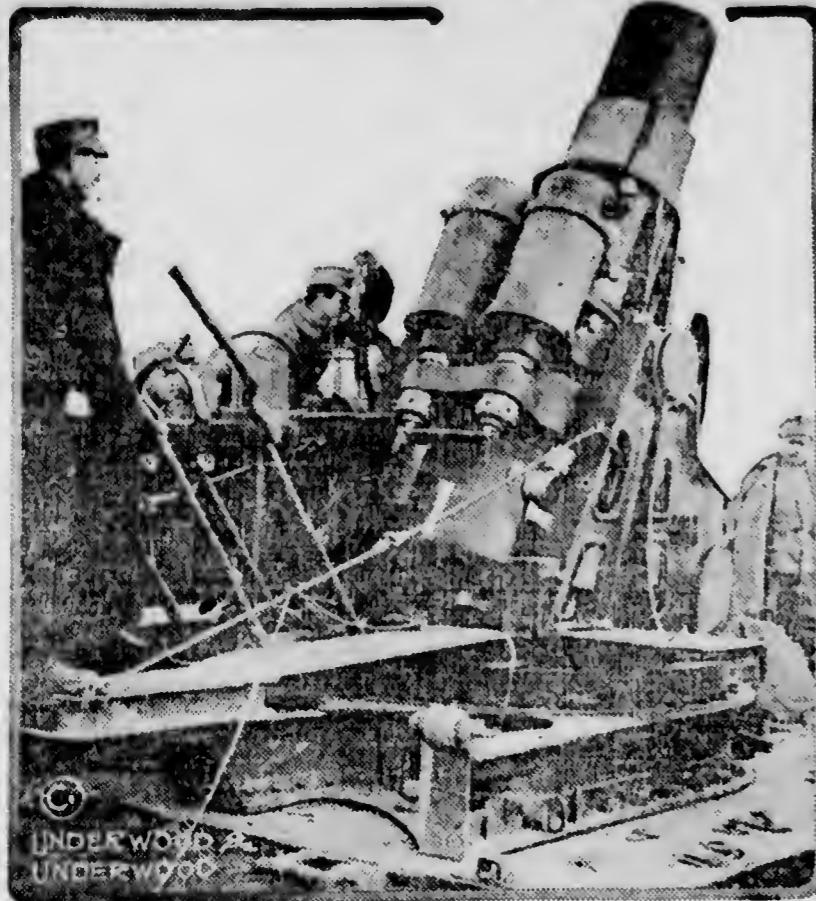
"The full truth and all of the facts in the case, when they come to light, as some day they will, will prove to the world that my assertion of innocence is the truth."

"The legal arena is closed to me. The bar is piped forever against further legal process. Yet the issue of guilt or innocence has been before but one court, that in which the jury sat. All subsequent appeals were made upon alleged legal and judicial errors, not upon the facts or the evidence. Since the jury heard the case no court of inquiry or review has sifted the evidence. No decision of any appeals court undertook to predicate an opinion on the record of the testimony and evidence. The doubt of the trial Judge as to my guilt still remains."

Frank had prepared his statement but when Judge Hill asked him if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him, the prisoner stood erect, with his head thrown back and without once referring to the written text, proclaimed it with the emphasis and gestures of an attorney making a plea before the court.

When Frank had finished the Judge recited briefly the legal judgments in the case and then ordered that the original sentence of death be executed and set the date. As the Judge concluded, Mrs. Frank, who sat at a table with her husband's attorneys, bowed her head upon her arms on the table and sobbed quietly.

BIG SKODA GUN OF THE AUSTRIANS



The Austrians have made excellent use of the Skoda 30.5 centimeter guns in the fighting in the Carpathians. One of these guns is shown here about to be fired.

PADEREWSKIS WORKING FOR POLAND



Ignacy Paderewski, the famous pianist, and his wife photographed on their arrival in this country, where they are carrying on a campaign for the raising of funds to relieve the distressed people of Poland.

DORE AWAY THE TOOTHACHE

In His Thirst for Revenge the Colonel Had No Time to Think of Physical Ailments.

One morning the colonel rolled out of his blankets with the jumping toothache, and, though he exhausted all the remedies in camp, nothing had any effect. It was 40 miles to the nearest town, with the chances against finding a dentist there, and it was finally decided to appeal to one of the cowboys on his station, five miles away. He came over in response to a message, and, after taking a look at the tooth, which was a double one on the upper jaw, the cowboy said:

"Kuzel, I kin shoot that tooth out as slick as grease if you don't mind the scar it will leave on your cheeks."

"Shoot it out!" shouted the colonel. "Why, man, you must be crazy."

"Wall, mebbe I kin pick in enough powder to blow it out."

"Never!"

"Might chuck it out with a piece of iron and a stone!" continued the cowboy.

"And you might go to Texas and beyond!" exclaimed the suffering and dignified man.

"I'm only telling you how we do it out here, and if you don't want that tooth out you'll have to stand the pain."

The cowboy started for his station, but after a gallop of a mile he returned to beckon the rest of us inside and said:

"He seems to be a purty aquar' sort of a man though a little techy and I'm sorry fur him. Is he a good rider?"

"Only fair."

"Kin he shoot?"

"Not very straight."

"Then I think I can cure that tooth-ache."

He spent two minutes unfolding the plot and then went over to the sufferer and said:

"Kuzel, I've come back to say you ar' a booby."

"What," yelled the colonel, as he sprang up from his seat before the campfire.

"A booby and a squaw, kurnel, and likewise a durned old liar."

The colonel jumped for him, but the cowboy dodged and ran for his horse. We had another ready saddled with two loaded revolvers in the holsters, and the "booby" sprang into the saddle and gave chase. After getting out on the prairie half a mile the cowboy began to circle and shoot and yell, and the colonel followed him and shot away the whole 12 bullets without

Modern Detective's "Pack" for Finger Prints.

The finger-print "pack" is one of the most interesting adjuncts to modern police work, and should you see a detective on the street with one of the specially designed receptacles you would not for a moment suspect his identity or even surmise what vital consequences the contents were concerned.

Every police department using the Brillion system by theory nature of this phase of detection, has regular finger print receipts fashioned after the original French model, or at least some arrangement that may serve the people.

One of these cases containing some article that has its part in the ordinary economy of domestic or professional life may also contain incontrovertible evidence to send some man or woman to the death penalty for a crime of blood or, on the other hand being sure conviction to an adroit, polite and unsuspected social bandit coming under the romantic classification of "Raffles." And in this connection it is interesting to know that a well dressed, winning mannered rogue who had robbed the rooms of many guests of fashionable New York hotels was finally brought to book through finger-print clues. The identical marks were on three jewel cases he had emptied. The cases, carefully placed in the "pack," had been carried to police headquarters on each occasion.

Here are given two views of the original "packs" designed by the great criminologist. One case is for bottles, the other for plates. Up-to-date safe-breakers, burglars and sneak thieves are wearing gloves to avoid Bertillon identification, but of course it often happens that a skilled craftsman needs the deftness of his unnumbered fingers. And there it is that he lays himself open to detection.

The objects collected by the police for examination are handled as carefully as though they were fashioned of the most fragile glass. This precaution is natural, because the slightest amudge made upon the specimen in the handling of it may obliterate the only good clue that might be yielded by the entire detective investigation of the case.

Whooping Cough.

"About a year ago my three boys had whooping cough and I found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only one that would relieve their coughing and whooping spells. I continued this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dauprymle, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by All Dealers.

Legislation and Blunders.

The legislative history of two years of Democratic rule was completed March 4. Those two years have been marked by one of the most active periods of law-making this country has ever seen. With a House ready and able to execute its decrees down to the last word and with a working majority to the Senate, President Wilson took the oath of office March 4, 1913. With prophetic eagerness he summoned Congress in extra session a month later. With the exception of six weeks of respite last fall the party machinery has been in operation ever since, grinding out experimental laws that affect every phase of our social and commercial life.

It discloses the fact that during that time the Democratic Congress has enacted more crude, imperfect and nugatory laws than ever written during the same length of time by any American Congress. It furnishes an indictment of haste and lack of legislative intelligence that is found to be humiliating to the party responsible.

That here has been a tremendous quantity of legislation cannot be denied. More than four hundred public laws have been placed upon the statute books by the Democrats since they came into power. These are designated "vague" because they appropriate means for general purposes or affect general law. In addition to these, hundreds of private bills have been passed.

Those who have closely observed the methods of legislation used by the Democratic majority are not surprised at the faulty results. The present administration has been admittedly notable, even notorious, for its steam roller short cuts in enacting laws. Every important bill passed has been put through with small consideration beyond that of party expedience. As soon as the President proposed a law, then the caucus approved it, the majority rushed it through committee and back to the President for his signature, all with as little debate as possible, and under iron clad special rules that permitted no chance for intelligent consideration or amendment.

It is conceivable that a few bills might be put through a legislative body in this way and emerge in per-

fect form. But to use such methods indiscriminately, as the Democratic Congress has done, is practically to insure the enactment of laws which future Congressmen must either repeal or spend many weeks to amend. This is the task which Democratic haste and lustful use of a powerful majority has created for future Congresses.

Specific examples of blundering will not be enumerated in this article. It is enough at present to make the general statement that the Democratic party has "Sown a wind of legislation and is reaping a whirlwind of mistakes." Future articles will appear that will show in detail the various instances of blundering, careless drafting of bills that finally went on the statute books without correction.

How Nations Will Explore the Sky at the Pole.

The Rome convocation of the international meteorological committee appointed a special commission, with Gen. Rykuchev of St. Petersburg as president, to arrange an international campaign of upper-air observations around the north polar basin, in conjunction with similar observations to be made by the forthcoming Arctic expeditions, especially Amundsen's proposed north polar drift.

The commission held a meeting at Copenhagen several months later and heard with gratification the announcement that the Canadian government had decided to equip at least two, and perhaps four, Arctic stations with balloons and theodolites, and that upper-air observations would be made by one or both sections of the Canadian Arctic expeditions now in the field.

Two Canadian stations, one at York Factory and one at the northern point of Labrador, are to be equipped with wireless telegraphy.

The Russian meteorological service hopes to establish stations at a point in Nov. Zembla, at Yakutsk, and at Verhoyansk, equipped with kites, pilot balloons and sounding balloons, while pilot balloon stations will be operated at Alexandrovsk, Achenogel, Valgash Island and Odborsk.

The Danish government will have stations in operation at Disco Island, West Greenland and in Iceland.

The German observatory in Spitzbergen promised their co-operation, and several other stations were proposed, but war has interfered.

It was decided that, as far as possible, daily observations should be made at the stations, especially during the period from September, 1915, to September, 1916, when it was expected that Amundsen would be nearest the pole. Since the meeting of the commission Amundsen has announced the postponement of his expedition for another year, and the arrangements described above will doubtless be modified accordingly.

Are You Rheumatic?—try Sloan's Liniment.

If you want quick and real relief from rheumatism, do what so many thousand other people are doing—whenever an attack comes on, bathe the sore muscle or joint with Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub it in; just apply the Liniment to the surface. It is wonderfully penetrating. It goes right to the seat of trouble and draws the pain almost immediately. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for 25c. of any druggist and have it in the house—against Colds, Sore and Swollen Joints, Lumbago, Sciatica and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief.

Osteopathy.

Dr. G. B. Dockery, whose office is at Beaver Dam, will be in Hartford every Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week and will treat patients at their homes.

Safety in Dampness.

A scientist declares that in a thunder storm the safest course for a human being is to get thoroughly wet. He declared that he could kill a rat when dry by means of an electric discharge, but never when it was wet.

Sick Headache.

Mrs. A. L. Luckie, East Rochester, N. Y., was a victim of sick headache and despondency, caused by a badly weakened and debilitated condition of her stomach, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She says, "I found them pleasant to take, so mild and effective. In a few weeks' time I was restored to my former good health." For sale by All Dealers.

Arm for Sale.

About 56 acres 3 miles East of Hartford on Hartford and Cromwell road, 1/2 miles from pike. Four room cottage in good repair. Everlasting water at residence. Two barns, tobacco and stock. Plenty of penches and apples. All hill land, but in very good condition. Possession any time. Terms reasonable. Apply to BARNETT & SON, Republican Office, Hartford, Ky.

Idle Funds Represent Lost Interest

If you had a machine that you could operate at a good profit day in and day out, would you not count as a loss the time it stood idle?

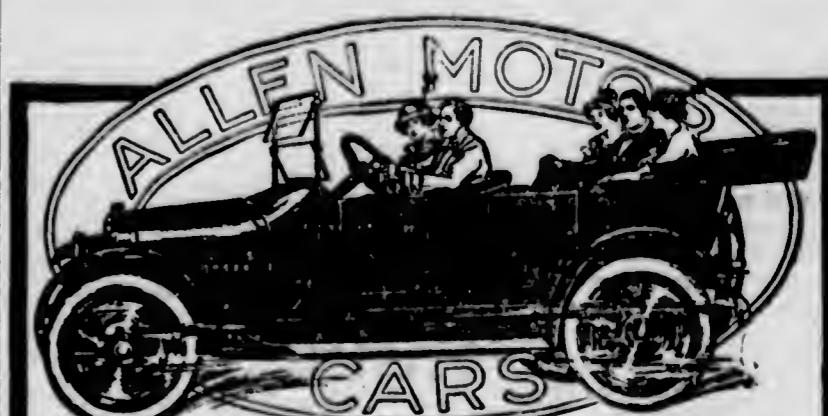
Your money is a good money-making machine. Invested in our certificates of deposit or on saving account, it earns interest every day of the week, every week of the month and every month of the year.

Itemember, we give you absolute security and pay you the best rate of interest.

Central Trust Company

Cor. 4th and Fredericka.

KNOWN EVERYWHERE as the SAFE and RELIABLE BANK



The Allen 34 Price, \$895

When you pay \$895 for an Allen 34 you get \$895 worth of car.

You don't pay a cent for unnecessary overhead expense.

We build integrity into every Allen automobile. Our organization is strong and permanent. We are in the automobile business to stay.

Our purpose is to make every Allen car do its part in upholding our reputation for giving the greatest possible value for the price we get.

If you have been waiting until you could buy a strong, swift, safe, handsome car without paying a dollar more than its actual worth, the Allen 34, 5-passenger touring car at \$895, is the complete answer to your requirements.

In style, finish, power, economy of operation, equipment, serviceable qualities and price, Allen cars take the lead.

Kenton Motors Co.

21 East Ninth Street Cincinnati, Ohio

Factory Representatives for Southern Ohio, adjacent West Virginia Territory, Southern Indiana and entire State of Kentucky.

Dealers: Write or wire for agency proposition

NEW INSURANCE AGENCY

I have recently purchased from A. C. Yeiser his recording Agencies for the following Fire Insurance Companies: Continental, Hartford, Aetna, Phoenix and Fidelity, underwriters, which includes the business written in all the towns and villages in Ohio county. These are all old line Insurance Companies and I will be pleased to hear from anyone in need of Insurance. Respectfully,

E. E. BIRKHEAD, - Hartford, Ky.

Prairie Dogs' Occupation.

Rex Allaman, a travelling man who visits Clovis regularly, tells this story, says the Clovis (N. M.) Journal: "I was telling a lady friend in Atchison recently about the prairie dogs out here. I said, 'Why, there are thousands and thousands of prairie dogs on the prairie.' The woman expressed surprise and said: 'What are they doing? Watching the sheep?'

Chamberlain's Liniment.

This preparation is intended especially for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and like ailments. It is a favorite with people who are well acquainted with its splendid qualities. Mrs. Charles Tanner, Wabash, Ind., says of it, "I have found Chamberlain's Liniment the best thing for lame back and sprains I have ever used. It works like a charm and relieves pain and soreness. It has been used by others of my family as well as myself for upwards of twenty years." 25 and 50 cent bottles. For sale by All Dealers.

By Proxy!

A well-known metropolitan choral conductor was once holding voice trials preliminary to the organization of a colored choral club of jubilee singers. One of the soprano applicants was extremely reticent when asked to sing a scale. Finally the director, becoming impatient, asked: "What's the matter—don't you sing?" "Well," she hesitatingly replied, "not puasonally."

When in Louisville

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HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Sick Women Made Well

**Reliable evidence is abundant that women
are constantly being restored to health by
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**

The many testimonial letters that we are continually publishing in the newspapers—hundreds of them—are all genuine, true and unsolicited expressions of heartfelt gratitude for the freedom from suffering that has come to these women solely through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Money could not buy nor any kind of influence obtain such recommendations; you may depend upon it that any testimonial we publish is honest and true—if you have any doubt of this write to the women whose true names and addresses are always given, and learn for yourself.

Read this one from Mrs. Waters:

CAMDEN, N.J.—"I was sick for two years with nervous spells, and my kidneys were affected. I had a doctor all the time and used a galvanic battery, but nothing did me any good. I was not able to go to bed, but spent my time on a couch or in a sleeping-chair, and soon became almost a skeleton. Finally my doctor went away for his health, and my husband heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got me some. In two months I got relief and now I am like a new woman and am at my usual weight. I recommend your medicine to every one and so does my husband."—MRS. TILLIE WATERS, 530 Mechanic Street, Camden, N.J.

From Hanover, Penn.

HANOVER, PA.—"I was a very weak woman and suffered from bearing down pains and backache. I had been married over four years and had no children. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved an excellent remedy for it made me a well woman. After taking a few bottles my pains disappeared, and we now have one of the finest baby babies you ever saw."—MRS. C. A. RICKROME, R.F.D., No. 5, Hanover, Pa.

Now answer this question if you can. Why should a woman continue to suffer without first giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? You know that it has saved many others—why should it fail in your case?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for femaleills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.
(CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice.
Your letter will be opened, read and answered
by a woman and held in strict confidence.



The Tariff was the Issue.

Unfailing and unmistakable signs of a national reaction against the Wilson Free-Trade administration and of a general purpose to bring the country back to prosperity through a safe and sane policy of Protection are to be noted in the recent municipal elections in Chicago and St. Louis. In both cases the Democratic nominees were defeated by increased majorities. Chicago gave to Mr. Thompson, Republican nominee for Mayor, the unparalleled majority of 139,000. St. Louis went Republican by 25,000. That the result in both cities was governed chiefly by the issue of Protection vs. Free-Trade hardly admits of dispute. In Chicago Candidate Thompson conducted his campaign and almost wholly of the question of the unemployment and distress caused by the Underwood Free-Trade Tariff. One of his public appeals, issued just prior to election day, was as follows:

There are 15,000 men and women in Chicago to-day out of work. There are many more who are working half time. On account of this lack of work and decrease in wages, our local merchants' business is suffering, many factories and industries are shut down, and all are complaining of hard times. The Illinois Central has let a contract for the purchase of \$1,000,000 worth of steel rails to a Canadian steel company because these rails can be purchased in Canada \$3 a ton cheaper than . . . in Chicago. This is also a matter of local interest, and cannot be divorced from local issues.

Throughout his entire campaign for the mayoralty, Mr. Thompson persistently pushed the Tariff issue to the front. He denounced the Underwood Free Trade Tariff law for its failure as a revenue producer and for its dreadful blow at American business. Evidently the argument struck home. The vast army of the unemployed, the additional number who are working reduced hours and the great body of small merchants and tradespeople whose business has been crippled by Free-Trade stagnation—all these forces must have contributed mightily to the overwhelming disaster suffered by the Free-Trade party in Chicago's municipal election.

That the same forces operated in bringing about the Democratic defeat in St. Louis is beyond question. The St. Louis Republic, leading Democratic newspaper of the Southwest, admits, in the following editorial comment, that the big national issue of unemployment was paramount in the municipal campaign:

We cannot afford to blind the real cause of our defeat. We were overthrown by the votes of the working

men, and the reason is as follows:

Our town is, with one exception, the nation's chief center of manufacture of railway supplies. The impaired buying power of the railway supply business down to almost nothing. In St. Louis there are thousands of idle men who, two years ago, were probably employed in steel foundries, car shops and related industries. Nine concerns alone showed last December a loss of 11,000 men and about \$650,000 in total wages paid out, by comparison with the corresponding month of the preceding year.

A year and a half of the Underwood Free-Trade Tariff was enough to convince the voters of Chicago and St. Louis that the Democratic policy is a blinder and a detriment, and that protection must again be installed if prosperity is to return. The same sentiment prevails throughout the country. If a national election were to be held tomorrow the Free-Trade administration and Congress would be routed horse, foot and dragoons. They will be routed in 1916. Nothing can save them. This is a Protectionist country.

Health Promotes Happiness.

Without health, genuine joy is impossible; without good digestion and regular bowel movement you cannot have health. Why neglect keeping bowels open and risk being sick and ailing? You don't have to. Take one small Dr. King's New Life Pill at night, in the morning you will have a full, free bowel movement and feel much better. Helps your appetite and digestion. Try one tonight.

PE-RU-NA

The Traveler's Companion

Mr. Arthur L. Pierce, 2618 Sheridan Ave., St. Louis, Mo. "The curative value of Peruna is truly wonderful. I think it especially valuable as a specific for catarrh of the system, and for a man who has travelled for years as I have and who is certainly exposed to irregular meals and uncomfortable sleeping accommodations, Peruna is one of his best and most needed travelling companions. It thwarts off disease and keeps him well. I therefore heartily recommend it."

Those who object to liquid tablets can now procure Peruna Tablets.



Paragraphs Worth Reading.

Women are urging the creation of a farm women's bureau in the department of agriculture.

The selling not long ago of several hundred copies of the Bible translated into Japanese to the students of one of the leading universities at Tokio is in line with the report of a Scottish Bible society which distributed during the last year in China 1,675,000 Chinese Bibles, issued from the society's printing press in Hankow, as well as placing amongst the people of Japan during the last year 79,467 copies of the Scriptures.

Of approximately \$7,000,000 emergency currency outstanding, 30 per cent is in Texas, 8 per cent each in California and Alabama, about 7 per cent in North Carolina, 6 per cent each in South Carolina, Louisiana and Iowa, about 5 per cent in Pennsylvania, about 4 per cent in Florida, about 3 per cent each in Kentucky, Tennessee and Oklahoma, about 2 per cent in Oregon and about 1½ per cent each in Virginia and Connecticut. Remainder is scattered throughout the country.

More than a score of American firms are establishing new color works or enlarging the output of existing plants to meet the demands of the textile industries and other allied branches of manufacture for dyestuffs, the supply of which formerly came almost exclusively from Germany, and which has been cut off since Great Britain's embargo against German commerce. The department of commerce today announced it was devoting much attention to the progress in American dyestuff manufacture and had found noteworthy advance and had found a noteworthy advance.

Beautifying The Farm.

A Kansas farmer who made a small fortune on his farm retired and moved to town. After three years of monotonous idleness, with nothing to do and nobody to talk to, he was visited by an idea—a most original one. He went back to the farm and began to develop a model of the Garden of Eden in the center of it; Paradise after the old Miltonian description, of course, for he was an orthodox farmer and knew or cared nothing about the higher criticism.

He modded out of cement as inhabitants of his Garden, Adam, Eve, the Devil, the Serpent, Cain, Able with some artistic disregard for chronology, and over 100 figures. To give the proper setting to this large cement population required the establishment of a plantation, including such trees and shrubbery as would suit the up-to-date city park.

The idea of such a Paradise may strike the reader as a strange, amusing vagary and the result as provocative of smiles, but it filled the days of its author with delight and bustled every waking moment. Was it not better than moping in town, or continuing his old round of plowing, harrowing and harvesting, for which there was no need?

But it is the IDEA that most invites attention. Might not every farmer eager to make life on the farm something more than a dull round of labor set aside ten acres best suited to landscape treatment for his pastime and playground? Why should country boys leave the farm to enjoy among other things the charms of city parks, when they could have one of their own? To adorn it with every plant and tree that will grow there, including those from strange lands, could be a recreation denied to the urban dweller, who has to be satisfied with a lonely flower bed and perhaps the care of a solitary shade tree.

For A Torpid Liver.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets off and on for the past six years whenever my liver shows signs of being in disordered condition. They developed, and now there is a faculty of household economy in Toronto University. The building is in keeping with the splendid group to which it belongs. It has a full staff of professors, all of whom are women.

Owing to the falling of the Nile, Egypt will have to import nearly all her rice this year. The Nile has not been so low for nearly 100 years, and the facilities for water storage have been insufficient to relieve the distress.

Asbestos does not burn because it has been burned already, like stone or sand, and can be burned no more. It is also very difficult to melt and will not melt with the heat of an ordinary flame. So it can be used for many purposes—to line safes, for gas stoves and so on. The word is taken from the Greek, and means "inflammable."

In eight of the 15 counties in Missouri which have farm advisers there are 700 schools. Five hundred of these schools were visited by farm agents and in many of them the boys and girls were organized to compete against other schools. This competition consists of athletic contests, baking, sewing, cooking, stock judging and grain contests. First in these eight counties the boys and girls of each district had an all-day meeting, their parents being present, in which they competed in numerous events. Then all the schools in a township

met for a big day and the fittest alone survived for still final competition that was to take place. Only pupils who are regular attendants in the rural school that they represent, between the ages of 10 and 18, are allowed to enter. All material shown in any exhibit in competition must have been made, prepared or gathered by the one in whose name it is entered. The students usually work in teams of three members. Both boys and girls are eligible to all contests, but it is the aim of the farm advisers to get the boys interested in the particular lines that apply to their interests and the girls to theirs. They believe that it is far better to center a girl's work and ambitions on a desire to bake a prize loaf of bread than to be a good stock judge.

No Use to Try and Wear Out Your Cold It Will Wear You Out Instead.

Thousands keep on suffering Coughs and Colds through neglect and delay. Why make yourself an easy prey to serious ailments and epidemics as the result of a neglected Cold? Coughs and Colds sap your strength and vitality unless checked in the early stages. Dr. King's New Discovery is what you need—the first dose helps. Your head clears up, you breathe freely and you feel so much better. Buy a bottle to-day and start taking at once.

FREE TO EVERY KENTUCKIAN

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATTES

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ONE STAR

AS GOOD AS BOTTLED IN BOND—Delivered anywhere in the Middle West or East or any place in Kentucky for only

\$3.00 Per Gallon

Either in Four Full Quarts or Gallon Glass Jugs.

Old Quality—is as pure and

mellow as Whisky can be

made. Distilled from the finest

selected grain, assuring that

wonderful aroma found only in

good Whisky that is pure—

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Gentlemen:—Enclosed find

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12 Great Complete Novels. 75 Short Stories. 60 Timely Articles. 50 Striking Poems. 200 Pages of Humor.

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FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, Editor & Proprietor
ALLISON BARNETT, Associate Editor

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Letters and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 5c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other church advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Cumberland 125

Farmers' Mutual 50

FRIDAY, MAY 14.

We can now sympathize with China.

The sweet girl graduate is almost ripe.

Is it not about time for another Democratic withdrawal?

"Turning the other cheek," is a new role for Uncle Sam.

Wilson now realizes what a man's job he has on his hands.

Ohio county is due to join the good roads procession about next spring.

Ohio county farmers are now giving more thought to the road question than ever.

Guess Huerta has ceased to wonder why we didn't administer that drubbing to him.

Even Editor Knott is inclined to waver in support of President Wilson's German policy.

It is almost impossible to convict a woman of murder in any State in this country. What further "rights" do they want?

Help your officers rid us of the blind tigers which are becoming a great stench in the nostrils of good people who visit Hartford.

The "ringing words" of the President, addressed to Germany some time ago were alright, but they will cease to ring and become mere "sounding brass," unless lived up to.

The man who files a petition to get his name on the primary ballot as a candidate for Governor, when he has not yet made up his mind to run, is making a funny spectacle of himself.

It is evident to almost every citizen of Hartford and vicinity that liquor is being sold here, or near here, in large quantities in violation of the local option law. It is the old story of the utter inability to enforce the law, without strong and determined public sentiment, assisting the local officials. Time and again we have seen juries, from the country too, turn these people loose when it looked as though there were sufficient evidence to convict. It is almost impossible to obtain evidence of a sale. The class of men and boys who buy blind tiger whiskey will generally perjure themselves, rather than give away their friend, from whom they hought. This is, of course, a mistaken and exaggerated idea of loyalty and honor. Yet it is not always an evidence of depravity. Our local officers should have the support of all good people, many of whom will criticize, but lend no aid, or help shield the guilty.

GERMANY'S HAND CALLED.

The sinking of the British ship Lusitania last week with loss of 1,200 men, women and children, over 100 of whom were Americans, by a German submarine has brought the United States and Germany to the brink of war. The administration at Washington had previously warned Berlin that a continuance of such a policy would cause this Government to hold them to a strict account. The President has sent a note demanding apology financial reparation and pledges for the future. It is thought Germany will refuse to comply and even may do so in an offensive manner. Should this take place, there is only one other step for us—war. If this should result, every true American citizen will be found standing by the President. His demands are reasonable and in accord with all the rules of war. We cannot be expected to get off the face of the earth while other nations fight.

Exports of Our Farms to Europe. It is a common saying in this country that Providence takes care

of the American nation and the small boy. Certain facts in connection with two of our financial crisis lend a bit of justification to this saying.

In August of 1914 the greater part of the world became engaged in war. More completely than ever before in the history of the world were trade and financial relations disturbed. For a time the shock was paralyzing. After the recovery from the shock financiers were still much concerned as to how to deal with the situation. In this country the condition was acute. It seemed that the commodity, cotton, on which we had depended to pay a large part of our trade balance would not be exported in very considerable quantities. Our largest consumers were among the belligerents, some of whom could not get cotton, others of whom were not in position to consume the usual supply. We were due to pay Europe by January, 1915, a floating indebtedness of at least \$300,000,000, and more would follow after the opening of the year. How were we to meet the obligations with cotton on the decline? The facts are illuminating.

Between August, 1914, and February 1, 1915, we exported a total of \$1,157,000,000 worth of commodities, and imported a total of \$771,000,000 showing a favorable balance of \$384,000,000. Of the total value exported of \$1,157,000,000, \$662,000,000 were represented by agricultural commodities and \$495,000,000 by manufactured commodities. Between August, 1913, and February 1, 1914, of the total exports, \$616,000,000 were manufactured products.

The total value of agricultural products exported in this period was \$729,000,000, but the cotton exports in that year for that period were \$443,000,000, and the food and meat products only \$286,000,000, while from August, 1914, to February 1, 1915, the cotton exports were only \$165,000,000, and the other agricultural products were \$494,000,000, so that it may safely be said that the farmers of the Middle West came to the assistance in this second crisis and enabled the nation not only to pay its floating indebtedness but to secure a margin.—From "How Our Farms Have Turned the Financial Tide," by Hon. David F. Houston, in the American Review of Reviews for May.

Americans Reported Safe in Persia. Washington, May 10.—Assurances from the Turkish government that Americans in Urumiah, Persia, where bandit uprisings were reported some weeks ago, were safe and not in need of financial aid, reached the State Department today in a cablegram from Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople.

Halil Bey, an uncle of the Turkish War Minister, is in command of the Turkish regulars sent to Urumiah at the Ambassador's urgent request. In his message today Mr. Morgenthau said:

"The Minister of War informs me that Halil has telegraphed that all Americans in Urumiah are safe and well and need no financial assistance."

Kurd bandits are believed to have been responsible for the disorders which caused unrest as to the safety of American missionaries there. Since then reports from Armenia have indicated similar disturbances there. No definite word has reached the State Department as to the Armenian situation, altho an inquiry was ordered as soon as the reports were brought to Secretary Bryan's attention by the Russian Ambassador.

A Card From Esquire Dean. Dundee, Ky., May 13, 1915.

Editor Republican—I understand that it is being circulated in Ohio county in order to injure me in my race for the Republican nomination for Representative, that I am a miller and would, if elected introduce legislation in the interest of the millers and against the interests of the farmers. I desire to correct this story and to say that I am also a farmer and stock raiser, and one of the best in the county. In fact I am more of a farmer than a miller and my interests are identical with the common farmer.

Some years ago I had the honor to represent this County in the House of Representatives and did not then introduce or support any laws in the interest of the millers, and will not do so if elected this time.

Respectfully,

W. S. DEAN.

Black Minerals from J. D. Russell's heat matting. Price, from per 1.

\$1.25 per lb. per 1. \$1.00.

White Wyandotte traps L. E. Whitsett's

and Mrs. Tom Weston's best blood.

Eggs \$1.00 per lb. Castrating and

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L. T. BARNARD,

R. F. D. 6, Hartford, Ky.

KICKS ON DIET OF VARIEGATED VEAL

Rebels After Four Days and Wife Now Sues For Separation.

New York, May 10.—Unable apparently to determine offhand just how much of "the spice of life" a man may be entitled to under certain circumstances, Justice Weeks in the Supreme Court, the Bronx, reserved decision on the application of Mrs. Augusta Krack for alimony and counsel fee in her suit for separation from William Krack, a clothing merchant of No. 649 Evergreen avenue, Brooklyn.

While Mrs. Krack says her husband struck her, swore at her and was altogether cruel, he retorts with a homely tale of dietary woe.

On April 4 the clothing merchant, enjoying his day of rest was served by the wife of his bosom with roast veal. Much refreshed, he went his way to business next day, glorying in a good digestion.

Returning tired from the marts of trade, he found that his thrifty wife had warmed over the veal. His satisfaction over her saving propensities was slightly dulled by a feeling that steak would have tasted better. Nevertheless, he consumed the veal and hoped for the best.

Met Familiar Aroma.

At noon on Tuesday Mr. Krack went home to luncheon, taking with him keen appetite. The odor of veal arose as he sat down and slew that keen appetite on the spot. The veal had been stewed, but the appetite recognized it.

Having lost all right to glory in that good digestion the clothing merchant on Tuesday night went home and sat down to dinner. Without either blush or a smile, as far as the papers show, Mrs. Krack placed before him a savory dish of—veal. This time it was ragout. The digestion of Mr. Krack followed the lead of his appetite and went on strike.

Late that night Mrs. Krack found it necessary to administer a sedative to Mr. Krack and she gave him gin! Why say more?

But as a revealer Mrs. Krack was not through even then. At noon Wednesday Krack sat down to a dish of meat balls. Yes, veal is meat, though about that time Krack was beginning to doubt it and to make remarks. However, for peace's sake he devoured the meat balls.

Rebelled at Last.

But when that night, Mrs. Krack served up the left over meat balls Mr. Krack's attitude changed. Flinging his caif like docility to the winds he momentarily asserted his independence and also flung the meat balls into the coal scuttle. Mrs. Krack became enraged at this treatment of the sacred relics and the two proceeded to vilify (or "vealify") each other.

Mrs. Krack called a policeman, who professed entire ignorance of stock raising, butchering and the law governing domestic relations as applied to cattle or human beings. What happened to Mrs. Krack, Mr. Krack and the veal that night after the policeman departed, does not appear.

But the next day when Krack returned, he found the veal, so to speak, in possession of the house, for Mrs. Krack had gone. Thus ended nine years of married life and a roast of veal.

Notice.
Anybody wanting to buy a Monument or a tombstone, write or call me. Phone 2 on 1.

LESLIE WHITE, agent,
Baileytown, Ky.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of execution no. 700 issued from the Clerk's office of the Ohio Circuit Court in favor of J. W. Cooper in the suit of J. W. Cooper vs. K. V. Williams, Ed Cooper and J. B. Wilson, for the sum of \$182.50 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent. from the 12th day of December 1910, and also for the further sum of \$25.05 cost therein expended, 1 or one of my deputies will offer for sale at the courthouse door in Hartfield, Ohio county, Kentucky, on Monday June 7, 1915, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., the following described property levied on as the property of said K. V. Williams:

A certain lot of ground in the southern part of Beaver Dam, Ohio county, Ky., bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone, E. P. Taylor's corner in the Morgantown & Hartfield road; thence N 185 feet to a stone, C. D. Chick's corner; thence N 88; 235 feet to Harry Waddle's corner; thence with Maple street S. 2 E. 186 feet to a stone, E. P. Taylor's corner, thence with said E. P.

Black Minerals from J. D. Russell's

heat matting. Price, from per 1.

\$1.25 per lb. per 1. \$1.00.

White Wyandotte traps L. E. Whitsett's

and Mrs. Tom Weston's best blood.

Eggs \$1.00 per lb. Castrating and

other Veterinary Surgery carefully

adv.

L. T. BARNARD,

R. F. D. 6, Hartford, Ky.

Taylor's line, to an alley and crossing same in same direction 204 feet to the beginning. The alley mentioned in this deed is not conveyed and is no part of the conveyance.

Terms, six months credit with approved security.

S. O. KEOWN, S. O. C.

By S. A. BRATCHER, D. S. 4413

Notice.

The stockholders and Directors of the Cromwell Deposit Bank of Cromwell, Ohio County, Ky., having by proper resolutions determined to go out of business and liquidate, notice is hereby given that all depositors and creditors of said bank will be paid in full through the Beaver Dam Deposit Bank of Beaver Dam, Ky., and distribution to stockholders will be made at once through same bank. 4214

CROMWELL DEPOSIT BANK.

By J. J. Stewart, President.

By Deffner Stewart, Cashier.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce HON. R. L. MOORE, of Crittenden county, a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Treasurer, General Primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. THOMAS, of Ohio County, a candidate for State Senator, 7th Senatorial District, composed of Ohio, Muhlenberg and Butler counties. General primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce HON. ALBERT LEACII, of Besver Dam, Ky., a candidate for State Senator in the 7th Senatorial District comprised of the counties of Ohio, Butler and Muhlenberg. Republican primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM D. MORRIS, of East Hartford precinct, a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. General primary election Saturday, Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce L. L. EMBRY a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative from Ohio County. General primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE J. S. GLENN, of Hartford, as a candidate for the nomination for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary the first Saturday in August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce LAWRENCE P. TANNER, of Owensesboro, Ky., a candidate for the nomination for Commonwealth Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary in August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce BEN D. RINGO, of Owensesboro, Ky., a candidate for the nomination for Commonwealth Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary the first Saturday in August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce OTTO C. MARTIN a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk at the general primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce CAL P. KEOWN a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio County, General Primary election August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce WALLACE H. RILEY a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio county. General Primary August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce CARL M. TAYLOR, of Prentiss precinct, a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio County. General Primary Saturday, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce ANDREW THORPE, of McHenry a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio County. General Primary election August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce S. P. McKinney, of Beaver Dam, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democrats of Ohio county, at the General Primary election, August 7, 1915.

Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps

Our showings in Men's and Boys' STRAW and FUR HATS will prove very interesting to any prospective buyer in

WE ARE PREPARED

We are prepared now to show you a splendid line of new Wash materials in Sheer Quality, plain White or Fancy fabric, that are so much in demand. These goods are very popular for your commencement dresses or midsummer wear. If interested call or write us and we will submit samples.



A Smart Waist and Skirt Box-Pleated Front and Back

NEW MILLINERY Every Week.

Fine assortment of Slippers in Patent, Gun Metal, White, Black or Canvas. Late style Hosiery in Pure Silk or Silk Lisle in all the new shades, including the popular Palm Beach.

McCall patterns carried in stock and courteous salesladies to aid you in your selections. These are our inducements. Call and see us and remember that

It Pays to Trade With a House That Saves You Money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, MAY 14.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 115 due at Ellmitch 9:20 a. m.
No. 114 due at Ellmitch 6:15 p. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellmitch . . . 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington . . . 3:40 p. m.
Lv. Irvington . . . 5:46 p. m.
Ar. Louisville . . . 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville . . . 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington . . . 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington . . . 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellmitch . . . 1:04 a. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 6:15 p. m.
(Both "Mixed Trains.)

Wire cloth at S. L. King's.
Swan Flats.

HUB CLOTHING CO.
Manhattan Shirts.

HUB CLOTHING CO.
See our All-Wool Suits.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

Dr. E. W. Ford went to Louisville

Wednesday.

Crossett Shoes and Slippers.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

Mr. A. C. Yelser, Evansville, is

home for a few days.

For Cabbage and Sweet Potato

Slips, see Albert Rial, 424

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Birkhead spent

the day in Owensboro Tuesday.

Mr. Shelly of McHenry, was the

guest of friends here Sunday.

For Sale—A good work mule.

37ff U. S. CARSON, Grocer.

Miss Effie Duke, of Dukehurst,

was the guest of friends here last

week.

Rev. Birch Shields, Beaver Dam,

was a pleasant caller at this office

yesterday.

Rev. J. T. Rushing preached an

able sermon at the Methodist church

Sunday night.

Wire Cloth, any width from 24 to

40 inches, black and galvanized, at

S. L. King's.

Attorney A. D. Kirk was in Ford-

ville on legal business Wednesday

and Thursday.

We can furnish you Daybreak

Corn and Tobacco Grower Fertilizer

at reasonable prices.

ACTON BROS.,

Hartford, Ky.

The Hartford Board of Education has been reorganized by the re-election of J. H. B. Carson, Chairman; C. M. Barnett, Secretary, and Dr. E. W. Ford Treasurer, for the ensuing year.

See the Kentucky Rural Credit Association ad. on the eighth page of this issue. Messrs. C. M. Derr & Son are looking after the business of this enterprise in Ohio County and may be seen at the office over the Bank of Hartford.

Messrs. J. H. Thomas, Fred Cooper, J. B. Renfrow, W. T. Keown and County Clerk, W. C. Blankenship were in Frankfort this week to represent Ohio County before the State Board of Equalization in an effort to get the raise of 10 per cent. on farm lands and 15 per cent. on town lots and personal property removed. They succeeded in getting the raise down to ten per cent. on town lots and two per cent. on personal property and farm lands.

Gilbert Hays is in jail charged with the murder of Tom Martin at Echoes last week. Martin, who is a harmless negro, was thought to have been murdered for money as he was known to carry a small amount on his person, consisting of coins, mostly nickels. Hays had a large number of Buffalo nickels when arrested. His examining trial was set for Wednesday in Judge Wilson's court, when he waived examining trial and was held without bail to the June grand jury.

The storm on Rough River last week did considerable damage in a number of places. Mr. J. W. Ford was the largest loser. His large barn on the farm below the mouth of No Creek was entirely demolished, killing a fine mule belonging to a tenant. He also lost many timber trees. In all his loss will amount to \$1,000. The school house at Washington was entirely destroyed. Two oil derricks belonging to the West Kentucky Petroleum Co. were blown down. This storm through Ohio county followed almost identical the great cyclone of some twenty-three years ago.

No Old Stuff Here!
Reliable Ketchup, Olives, Salad Dressing, Oils and things of that sort in bottled form are offered from fresh stock.

We do our ordering from the wholesaler in a way that keeps old stuff off our shelves.

This is important.

ILER & BLACK.

Fiscal Court Meets.

The Ohio County Fiscal Court was in session Thursday and Wednesday with the full membership present. Besides considering routine business consideration was given to the question of the use to be made of the State road fund which the county will begin to draw this year. It was decided to build or extend the pike on the Hartford and Centertown road toward Greenville this year. Next year to extend toward Morgantown, to build on Owensesoro pike year after next and third year toward Hardinsburg and Leitchfield.

Owensboro Auto Line.

I have a splendid auto-bus that now makes four trips a week to Owensboro and return, on Monday's, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. Safe licensed chauffeur in charge. Will carry passengers and light freight.

444 R. T. COLLINS.

PLEASANT GROVE.

May 10.—Rev W. C. Taylor filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Dee Harrison and Miss Gracie Muffett, were married at this place Sunday. Rev. W. C. Taylor officiating.

Mr. Willie Davison and Miss Gracie Hedden, and Mr. Aroo Hedden and Miss Sarahelen Mason were married Thursday at Hardinsburg, Ky. Born to Mr. and Mrs. James White Wednesday, a boy.

Messrs. R. C. Carter, Claude Fraze and Charles Davison were in Fordville, Saturday.

Mr. John Armstrong, of Cloverport Ky., has been visiting friends and relatives here for the past week.

Dr. D. H. Godsey and family of Sulphur Springs, attended church here Sunday.

Mr. T. E. Butler, who has been very ill is no better.

The farmers of this vicinity are rejoicing over the fine rain that fell last week.

Passenger Excursion.

Providence, Ky., to Louisville, Ky., and return Sunday, May 16th, 1915.

Leave Centertown Ky., 8:20 a. m., fare \$1.75.

Leave Hartford, Ky., 3:40 a. m., fare \$1.75.

Leave Sunnydale, Ky., 4:00 a. m., fare \$1.75.

Leave Dundee, Ky., 4:10 a. m., fare \$1.50.

Arrive at Louisville 9:30 a. m. Returning leave Louisville 9:00 p. m.

H. E. MISCHKE, Agent.

SMALL TOWN IS WIPE OUT BY FIRE

Pleasureville Kentucky is in Ashes—Fire Uncontrollable.

Pleasureville, Ky., May 10.—The business district of Pleasureville is in ashes at midnight as the result of a fire which originated at 8:30 o'clock in Malin's livery stable. The fire is still raging and menacing outlying parts of the town.

No lives have been lost, but one man is missing and fears are entertained for his safety.

Estimates at midnight place the damage thus far in excess of \$10,000. The following business houses have been destroyed by the flames: Malin's livery stable, Congleton's coal and lumberyard, Fallis' coal and lumberyard, Brown's harnesshop, Bates' grocery and meat-market, Fallis' hardware and implement store, Fallis' Hall, McGowan's blacksmith shop, Bates' coal and beef store, Hudson's hardware store.

The Deposit Bank, which recently consolidated with the Farmers and Brokers' Bank, is burning. Malin's livery stable, in which the fire originated, is immediately in the rear of this bank, but the flames spread in other directions first.

Twenty horses were killed by flames in the livery stable.

The origin of the fire is unknown. Before it was discovered it had gained great headway and the efforts of volunteers to cope with the rapidly spreading flames were useless. In the lack of fire-fighting facilities, volunteer corps did their utmost, but could not check the spread of the fire.

Frankfort, Shelbyville, and LaGrange have been asked to send aid, but local volunteers are still working unassisted at midnight.

CASH PRICES.

Best quality Mixed Paint, any color, \$1.40 per gallon.

Pure Lead 8¢ per pound.

Pure Linseed Oil 70¢ per gallon.

All kinds building Material very low.

Extra Star-A-Star Shingles \$3.25 per 1,000.

Also 39 second-hand Sewing Machines, some good as new, from \$1 to \$10.00 each.



OUR WASH GOODS, BOTH MADE UP AND IN BOLT, ARE DELICATE AND DAINTY, JUST AS WOMEN LOVE FOR THEM TO BE; YET THEY WILL STAND THE WEAR OF THE WASH TUB.

WE PRICE OUR WASH GOODS AS LOW AS WE CAN FOR THE EXQUISITE QUALITY WE GIVE.

OUR STORE IS THE PLACE FOR YOUR WASH GOODS AND EVERYTHING ELSE YOU NEED. COME SEE.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

Goodby, Old Top!



For hat style and hat value this store is your best bet, gentlemen.

We're right up to the minute in hats and everything else we handle.

Make us back this statement up. Come and let us put a new kelly on you.

Hub Clothing Co., HARTFORD KY.

have immediately taken to his feet again with the pained expression of one who had been deceived.

That, it is said, decided the servants that something more radical was needed. Today a local furniture dealer was sent for, and the mystery laid before him. With the air of a man who was wise, he tore open one of the cushions, and, sure enough, there was Mr. Bug.

"He just dotes on hair stubs," remarked the furniture man, "though he's called the cigarette bug."

The bug was captured, and will be sent to the Bureau of Entomology. The furniture today went to the furniture man's establishment for new cushions. But still remaining to be solved is the question:

"Whose cigarettes were responsible for the bug invasion?"

The President does not smoke.

Bureau Pigs For Sale.
Bureau pigs of the very best breeding now ready for delivery. Price, \$10. Pedigree furnished.

4443 BARRETT BROS.

Route 3, Beaver Dam, Ky.

The Republic \$1.00 per Year.

The Hinge Door Silo

The One That Gives Satisfaction

Has the quality construction that saves work and time. Doors can be kept closed all the time to prevent silage freezing in winter, drying in summer.

The safe, easy climbing ladder—all steel door frame and many more big features.

Get our offer on a Lancing Silo or on the Silver-Sahn Light Running Silage Cutter.

Send or Call for Booklet.

THE GENERAL SUPPLY CO.,
Owensboro, Ky.

4443 THE REPUBLICAN \$1.00 per Year.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

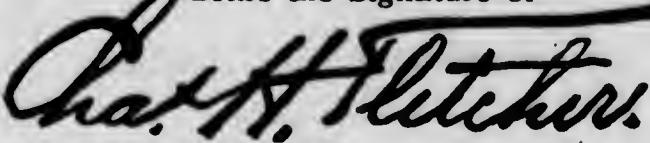
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiments.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffine, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of



The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



No Money in Advance
— Satisfaction Guaranteed —
Lowest Net Factory Prices —
Easiest Terms — A Saving of \$100 to \$200 — From Factory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon it and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. This Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

25-Year Guarantee

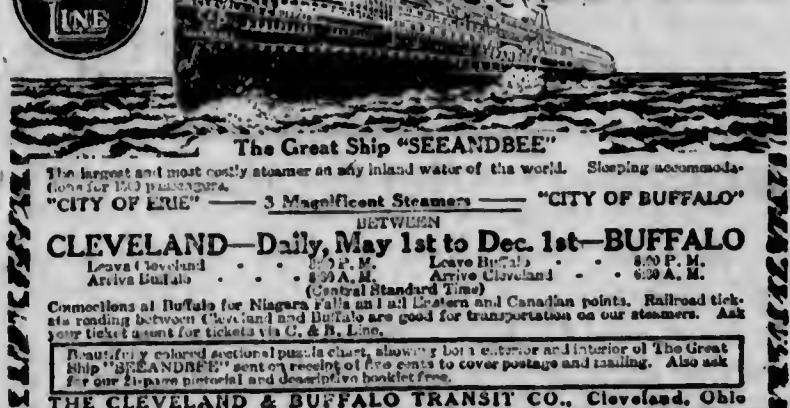
Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 25 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos we give free lessons in piano playing at the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1843 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

FARE \$3.00 DAILY BETWEEN CLEVELAND & BUFFALO



THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT CO., Cleveland, Ohio

THOS. E. MOSS

Plasterer, Decorator and Contractor.

Lifetime experience with best of workmen, and can give any reference desired. Call me on Hartford Mill Co., phone, or address me at Hartford, Ky.

DECORATED FOR BRAVERY



Miss Muriel Thompson of the British First Aid Nursing Yeomanry corps, who was personally decorated by King Albert of Belgium with the order of Leopold II for her bravery in rescuing wounded men from the trenches under heavy shell fire.

TITLES OF AFFECTION

ALMOST ALL THE STATES HAVE POPULAR NICKNAMES

Many Sources of Suggestion, but Few of the Appellations Are Malicious —Geographical Features Have Given Rise to Some.

Nearly everyone of the states of the Union has a nickname suggestive of its chief product, physical character or historic association, and some of the states have a dual nickname of two or more nicknames, which in most cases appear to be equally popular and about evenly employed in current use. California is called both "Golden State" and "El Dorado;" Connecticut is the "Nutmeg State," the "Freestone State," and also the "Land of Steady Habits;" Delaware is the "Blue Hen State" and also the "Diamond State," and Georgia is the "Cracker State," and also the "Empire State of the South."

The sons of Illinois speak of it both as the "Sucker State" and the "Prairie State;" Kansas answers to the name of "Sunflower State," "Central State" and "Jayhawk State;" Kentucky is known as the "Blue Grass State" and Louisiana is the "Pelican State" and the "Creole State."

Minnesotans affectionately or familiarly describe their state as the "Gopher State," the "Bread and Butter State," and the "New England of the West;" Michigan is the "Wolverine State" and the "Lake State;" Nebraska is the "Silver State" and the "Sage Hen State," and New York is the "Empire State" and the "Excelsior State."

If a man speaks of the "Old North State" or the "Turpentines State" or the "Tarheel State" he means North Carolina; Oregon is the "Beaver State" and the "Web Foot State;" South Dakota is the "Swing Cat State" and the "Blizzard State;" Washington is the "Chinook State" and the "Evergreen State" and Virginia is repeatedly spoken of as the "Old Dominion," the "Mother of States" and the "Mother of Presidents."

The general nickname of Maryland is the "Old Line State" and it is sometimes called the "Oyster State" and the "Terrapin State." Maine is either the "Pine Tree State" or the "Lumber State."

Using geographical features as nicknames are Florida, the "Peninsula State;" Massachusetts, the "Bay State;" Mississippi, the "Bayou State;" Tennessee, the "Big Bend State;" Vermont, the "Green Mountain State;" and West Virginia, "The Mountain." Animals give their names to Arkansas, the "Bear State;" North Dakota, the "Flickertail State;" and Wisconsin, the "Badger State."

Madame Sans-Gene. In spite of all the nursing and mourning in the city, Paris still retains a touch of gayety. It is related that a certain lawyer of Paris, whose delight it has always been to make solemn folks laugh, appeared the other day as counsel for a woman charged with some not too grave misdemeanor. She was only a washerwoman, she was elderly and plain, and the court was distinctly bored.

"Gentlemen," the lawyer exclaimed suddenly, addressing the bench, "gentlemen, you cannot find my client guilty."

"And why not?" asked the presiding magistrate somewhat sharply.

"Because," came the smooth reply,

"she washes for General Joffre, and it is her glorious privilege at this moment to be weeping into one of his handkerchiefs."

The entire bench of magistrates thereupon gave strict attention to the case. They not only found the washerwoman guilty as charged, but added ten days to her sentence for stealing General Joffre's handkerchief.

A Pitiable President.

President Wilson is pitiable posing for the "new freedom" and the "psychological" state of mind, for these iridescent dreams, and not particular facts.

The President is pathetic praying for peace and proving no purpose of helping to solve the great industrial problems which confront this nation. He should know now, that, high above his puny remedies for existing social unrest and economic evils, stand all the social, political and economic evils of capitalism, all untouched and unsolved.

The Democratic platform declared that "The high Republican Tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth." Well, the high Republican Tariff is no more Mr. Wilson and his patriotic colleagues killed it. Did he and they render this an easier way for the working man to obtain a living? No. Did he and they make it harder for the capitalist to get the working man's living away from him? Not at all!

The high cost of living mounts higher and higher under the Democratic low Tariff, unemployment of labor is greater, and industrial and economic conditions are worse under the Wilson administration than ever before known.

The Democrats have failed to lower the high cost of living, and to dispose of the unequal distribution of wealth. The profit system remains, and poverty increases.

Wilson's policies are ineffective!

No amount of capitalistic reform can change industrial and economic conditions under capitalism. No Tariff reduction can stop labor exploitation, or end profits. So long as capitalism exists, just that long will poverty and misery exist.

Only Socialism can free the workers, and end their poverty.

The Democratic party is reactionary, and not revolutionary.

Wilson is pitiable President trying futile reforms under capitalism. He is pathetic in his pleadings before the people, powerless before plutocracy, and a pitiable President trying to cure the evils of capitalism by reform dope. W. H. CUNDIFF.

Farm For Sale.

156 Acres on Hartford and Rockport road, 1 1/2 miles from Broadway and 2 miles from Rockport. Schoolhouse on edge of farm and church near. Three roads pass dwelling house which is on Hartford R. F. D. No. 4. Most of land perfectly level. Any one desiring to purchase farm will do well to investigate. Price reasonable. Apply for further information to BARNETT & SON, Agents.

The Hope of the Nation.

He riseth up in the morning when the voice of the rooster heraldeth the approach of day.

He wandereth around in the darkness of the morning seeking his trousers and findeth them by where he left them not.

He uncovereth the coals of fire and heappeth on kindling and awaketh the sleepers of his habitation with a loud voice.

He departeth for the barn without a lamp to guide his feet, tumblereth over a sleeping cow and landeth upon his nose.

He rieth up quickly, kicketh the four-legged beast and proceedeth on his way.

He climbeth up into the loft and falleth through a hole in the floor into the midst of the young mules. With a voice soft he beseecheth them to remain quiet and fear not but they harken not unto his voice.

And straightway he climbeth up into the trough and removelth there until the break of day.

Who is the strange creature who doeth these strange things?

Verily, verily, I say unto you, he is the hope of the nation.

He tilleth the soil and feedeth the people with the fruits of his labors.

He gathereth corn into his crib and poureth wheat into his granary and payeth his taxes with the price of one yearling.

He baleth his cotton and selleth it at eight cents and the next day beholdeth it mount up to ten.

He watcheth the rain descend upon the growing crops, the squeal of the pig delighteth his heart and the bawling calf filleth his mouth with a merry whistle.

The pumpkin bloometh as a rose in his field and watermelons adorn his front veranda in the cool of the evening.

His children grow not up in idleness, they become pillars in the church and raftera in society.—Farmers Magazine.

"And why not?" asked the presiding magistrate somewhat sharply.

"Because," came the smooth reply,

"she washes for General Joffre, and it is her glorious privilege at this moment to be weeping into one of his handkerchiefs."

The entire bench of magistrates thereupon gave strict attention to the case. They not only found the washerwoman guilty as charged, but added ten days to her sentence for stealing General Joffre's handkerchief.

344

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging

Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave

Up in Despair. Husband

Came to Rescue.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing all my work.

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 1-10



10 Great Serials

full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

The YOUTH'S COMPANION

Better Than Ever in 1915

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

Three Current Issues Free

If you do not know THE COMPANION for send this Coupon with your request.

Those who subscribe now, sending \$2 for the 22 issues of THE COMPANION for 1915, will receive THE COMPANION Home Calendar FREE.

52 Times a Year

—not 12.

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

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ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.75.

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THE REPUBLICAN and Home and Farm.....1.50

THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week Owensboro Inquirer.....1.75

THE REPUBLICAN and Louisville Daily Herald.....3.50

THE REPUBLICAN and Daily Owensboro Inquirer.....3.50

THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week O'boro Messenger.....1.75

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THE REPUBLICAN and New Idea Woman's Magazine.....1.30

THE REPUBLICAN and Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer.....1.50

THE REPUBLICAN and Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer.....1.50

Address all orders to

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THE
SEWING
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QUALITY.

HOME

NOT
BOLD
UNDER
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OTHER
NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

KENTUCKY RURAL CREDIT ASS'N.

INDEPENDENCE

LEXINGTON, KY.

PROSPERITY

Capital \$1,000,000.00.

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This is a co-operative organization for the practical working farmers of Kentucky. You now have the opportunity offered you to clasp hands with your neighbors and make possible what you and your forefathers have needed for the past hundred years, namely: Money at cheap rate of interest, running for a number of years. Did you ever stop and think of your position as a farmer? You have the best security of any class of men, yet the least credit. You have but to look about you in any rural district to see the result, the handicap, and embarrassment which have been placed upon you who produce our food. Are you satisfied with these conditions? Do you want your children to go through life asking strangers for help? Or do you want to be in a position when you need assistance, to get it from your own company at 5 per cent and as long as you want it? Would you like to improve your farm? Sometimes improvements double the value of your land. Would you like to stock your farm and be in a position to hold your crops when the markets is off? What we tell you are facts. You will be benefitted in many ways. Don't let this opportunity slip by. We will loan you money up to one-half the valuation of your land at 5 per cent, running from 10 to 50 years with the privilege of paying off the mortgage or any part thereof at any time by giving 60 days notice. We now have over three thousand members in this State and will only accept a limited number in each county.

The organizers are here now in your county to explain Rural Credits and offer you the opportunity to become a member, as only members can borrow. They can be found Saturday, May 15 at their headquarters over the Hartford Bank in Hartford and at the home of Mrs. Laura Stevens. Will also be at Beaver Dam, Friday, May 14, at Hotel; McHenry, May 17; Centertown, May 18; Rockport, May 19; Fordsville, May 20. This is to your interest. Don't fail to see these gentlemen.

C. M. DERR & SON.

LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

The Lusitania.—Queenstown advises that there were 764 survivors of the Lusitania disaster, including 462 passengers and 302 crew. One hundred and forty-four bodies have been recovered; thirty passengers and seventeen of the crew are injured. United States officials in Queenstown are taking affidavits of survivors as to the material facts in the torpedoing of the liner. The British Board of Trade, with the concurrence of the Admiralty, will investigate the disaster through Lord Mersey, who investigated the sinking of the Titanic. Among the dead whose bodies have been recovered are a large number of women and children. The bodies of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Kisin, Stone, Hubbard and other notables have not been found. The last act of Vanderbilt was to take off his life belt and put it on a woman. A common funeral will be held this afternoon over the bodies that have been recovered.

Tuesday.

The Lusitania.—President Wilson addressed naturalized American citizens at Philadelphia last night, and spoke by implication of the Lusitania disaster, the audience interpreting his remarks as meaning that while the United States would remain at peace, it would seek to convince Germany of the injustice to mankind of the latest sea tragedy. He urged America to stand as an example of peace and elevate the world.

The German Foreign Office cabled the State Department at Washington its deep regret that citizens of the United States were lost through the destruction of the Lusitania, but laid the blame on the British Government's policy of attempting to starve the civilian population of Germany, and said the United States should have heeded the warning of the German Government. Secretary Bryan denied that there had been any official warning given. Senators and members of Congress are quoted generally as opposing an extra session of Congress.

France.—In the fighting that is in progress along the battle lines in Belgium and France, and in Russia and in the Carpathians, both the Triple Entente and Teutonic allies claim successes at various isolated spots. None of them, however, except possibly Austria and Germany, record successes on a great scale. Even the statements of the Teutonic allies are reiterations of the reports of several days past that the Russians continue to be pressed back in Galicia and the Carpathians, and that Hungary is free of enemy forces.

Russia.—Petrograd does not deny the gains claimed by the Teutons, but declares that the Russians are fighting back hard at certain points and that the attacks of the Teutons,

while undiminished in vigor are becoming less frequent.

On the Western line Berlin declares that the Germans have driven the allies out of strongly fortified positions near Ypres, and that they have captured several villages in Flanders. Sir John French, the British commander-in-chief, takes issue with this statement, and says all Germany's attacks have been repulsed with heavy losses and that the British line is firmly established. A repulse of the Germans near Neuport, the capture of lines of trenches over a front of four and one-third miles near Carenty and the taking of a front of about two and a half miles in width farther east are chronicled by Paris.

Paris.—Newspaper dispatches from Switzerland to Paris report Austrians and Germans fleeing from all parts of Italy. A Geneva dispatch asserts that 600,000 Italians have been concentrated at Verona twenty-five miles from the Austro-Hungarian frontier.

Wednesday.

The Lusitania.—The United States within the next day or two will insist on an explanation from Germany of incidents involving the United States which have occurred since the proclamation of a war zone around the British Isles. This course was decided upon yesterday following a Cabinet meeting at which the situation was thoroughly discussed by President Wilson and his advisers.

The note will ask that some assurance be given that thereafter unarmed merchant vessels carrying non-combatants will not be destroyed before the passengers and crew have been transferred to a place of safety.

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The verdict of the Coroner's Jury investigating the sinking of the Lusitania at Kinsale finds that "this appalling crime was committed contrary to international law and the conventions of all civilized nations."

The verdict charges the officers of the submarine, the Emperor and the German Government with "the crime

of wholesale murder."

Italy.—News dispatches from Rome state that unless a favorable reply was received from Austria by midnight Italy would consider all negotiations at an end.

England.—Zeppelin airships dropped bombs in Essex, doing serious damage to property at Southend and Westcliff. The House of Commons passed on second reading the liquor regulation bill advocated by Lloyd-George amending the Defense of the Realm Act.

France.—The German report claims advances in France and in Flanders. Field Marshal Sir John French says the British are holding their lines in France and have repulsed five German attacks.

Thursday.

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Australian submarine with its officers and crew.

France.—The French War Office report of last night claims important successes for the Allies in the neighborhood of Dixmude and Ypres and also near Arras. It is reported that the Germans are again using asphyxiating gases, but the British are said to have devised a mask which enables them to withstand this form of attack.

England.—Anti-German feeling, engendered by the sinking of the Lusitania, has caused riots in Liverpool, Manchester, Salford and Birkenhead. Property of Germans in all these places has either been burned, looted or damaged.

Austria.—Vienna asserts that the Teutonic allies continue their victorious campaign against the Russians in Galicia and the Carpathian region and also that a strong force of Russians has been repulsed near the Bukowina boundary. The Russians, however, have succeeded in getting a footing on the southern bank of the Dniester near Horodinka and the fighting there continues.

Italy.—The opinion prevails in Rome that Italy's entry into the war is a question of days, while along the border the universal feeling is that it is a matter of hours. The peace party, however, hopes that the country will remain neutral.

Germany yesterday transmitted a note to the United States in which it announced an entire change in its attitude toward neutral shipping, presumably in an effort to discount the indignation caused by the sinking of the Lusitania. In the note it is stated that German submarine commanders have been cautioned not to attack neutral vessels and prompt payment for the loss of any ships not belonging to the enemy, through accident, is promised.

A rumor was current in London night that the body of Alfred G. Vanderbilt had been recovered. Sixteen bodies were recovered last night but, only two were those of Americans.

Dardanelles.—The Allies claim to have made an important advance on the Gallipoli peninsula, and with the aid of the fleet fire to have captured important Turkish positions. Constantinople reports the capture of an

tinuing and that many important positions of the enemy are threatened.

Italy.—Austria's final proposals in the matter of territorial concessions are said to have been delivered to Italy, and the situation was considered at a Cabinet meeting lasting two hours. No statement was made at its conclusion. Final action rests with King Emmanuel.

Russia.—The Petrograd report indicates that the Austro-German offensive, which swept the Russians back last week, has been checked. Several successes are reported.

France.—Additional advances in the fighting around Arras are reported in the French War Office statement of last night. Along the rest of the front there have been no extensive operations.

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'Tis housecleaning time And home life's a bore.

—Akron Beacon Journal.

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